



'Hunger'

- Jayanta Mahapatra

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Introduction

Hunger poem by Jayanta Mahapatra is about the idea of hunger that at the beginning of the poem is that of sex and sexual desire but in the end, transforms into the hunger of stomach that leads the people to do anything.

The poem consists of 4 stanzas having 5 lines each. There is no set rhyme scheme. The poet uses a number of literary devices to describe the events that led from one hunger (Sexual) to the other (physical).

① Stanza 1

The poet begins with the words It was hard to believe the flesh was heavy on my back. In the first reading, we may think that the poet has a heavy load or luggage on his back. However, the phrase hard to believe refers to something that is deep and profound.

The poet here says that he couldn't believe that he had strong sexual desires at that

time and was straining for sex which he couldn't believe. In the next line, we come to know that he is on a boat with a fisherman who says to him "Will you have her".

Her here refers to the daughter of the fisherman whom he offers to the poet to have sex with her. It is quite strange and impossible as no father ever offers his daughter to strangers for quenching their sexual thirst.

While asking, the fisherman seems to be "carelessly trailing his nets". But he was in no way careless. His nerves were stretch and white bone thrashing his eyes meaning that he was quite curious for the poet to say Yes as he and his daughter have nothing to eat and are straining for food.

Thus he offers his daughter to the poet so that the latter may quench his sexual hunger while the former two may quench their physical hunger. Note that his daughter's consent is not taken. It is not clear whether she wants to have sex or not.

Q Stanza 2 :-

(3)

The poet then followed him across
the sprawling (spread) bands. His mind
was thumping in the flesh's sling meaning
that the poet's mind was throbbing and
his skin was trying to support it like
a sling or the bandage used for supporting
a broken arm.

The poet thought that his sin will be for-
given by burning the house that he
lived in. The line shows the poet was feel-
ing quite guilty because of what he was
going to do out of sexual desire.

Then the silence of poet was grabbing him
and it seemed that the silence has gripped
his sleeves. It was perhaps his nerves that
were stretching. The fisherman looked at
his old nets which had caught nothing but
the foam from the sea.

This last phrase can be attributed to the
Poet as well if we go deeper into its
meaning. The poet imagines as if he
had gathered nothing but sin ~~by~~ of his
sexual desire.